

Szkolna Liga Języka Angielskiego

– Zestaw nr 3 dla klasy IV

Zadanie 1. Połącz noworoczne słowa z obrazkami.



1 balloons

2 party hat

3 party horn

4 mask

5 New Year baby

6 kiss

7 resolution

8 noise maker

9 Father Time

10 New Year's Eve

11 New Year's Day

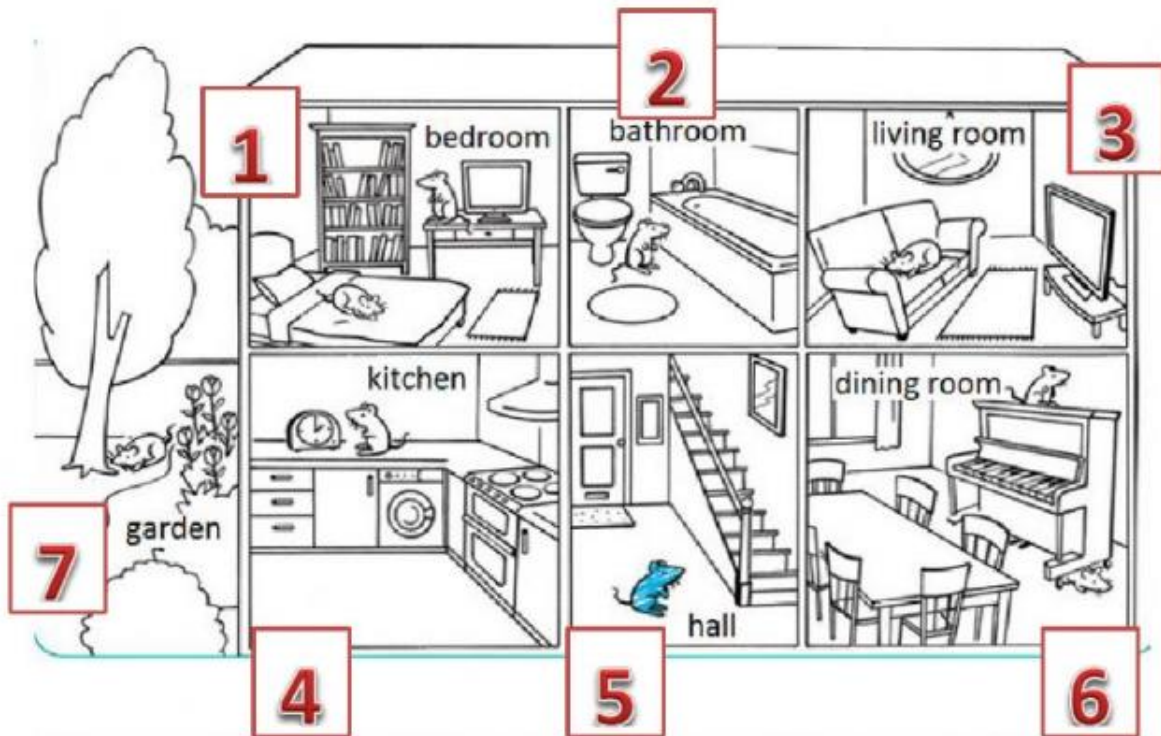
12 greetings

13 cheers

14 fireworks

Zadanie 2 Uzupełnij tekst opisując gdzie znajdują się myszki.


Where are the mice?

1. There two mice the . Mouse 1 is the table, the computer. Mouse 2 is the bed.
2. There a mouse the . It's the toilet and the bath.
3. There a mouse the . It's the sofa.
4. There a mouse the . It's the clock.
5. There a mouse the . It's the floor.
6. There two mice the . Mouse 1 is the piano and mouse 2 is the piano.
7. There a mouse the . It's the tree.

Zadanie 3. *Znajdź 10 noworocznych słów*

K	B	D	I	G	E	K	C
O	I	P	A	R	T	Y	A
H	O	S	C	E	L	E	L
O	E	U	S	E	K	A	E
R	V	H	A	T	R	R	N
N	E	L	P	I	C	T	D
A	D	I	N	N	E	R	A
W	I	H	U	G	L	K	R

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

6.
7.
8.
9.
10.

Szkolna Liga Języka Angielskiego

– Zestaw nr 3 dla klasy V



Zadanie 1. Połącz tradycje noworoczne z krajem w którym się je obchodzi.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

1. wearing red underwear
2. painting your front door red
3. sprinkling salt on the doorstep
4. hanging an onion on the front door
5. throwing away old appliances out of the window
6. eating 12 grapes at midnight
7. smashing old plates against your neighbours' door
8. carrying empty suitcases around

A Spain
B Denmark
C South Africa
D Colombia
E China
F Greece
G Brazil
H Turkey

Zadanie 2. Przeczytaj tekst. Spośród wyrazów podanych w ramce wybierzcie te, które poprawnie uzupełniają luki 1-3. Wpisz właściwą literę (A-F) obok numeru każdej luki.

Uwaga! Trzy wyrazy zostały podane dodatkowo i nie pasują do żadnej luki.

A much B make C cookers D many E do F cooks
--

Hi Ola,

How are you? I'm not very happy at the moment. I don't know (1)people here. Also, my mum and dad have got new jobs. They work as (2).....in the restaurant now.

They're very busy. I often feel bored. I just (3).....my homework, and read or watch TV.

I'd like to go back to London, where I know everybody.

Love,

Annie

Zadanie 3. Do każdej z opisanych sytuacji (1-4) dobierz właściwą reakcję (A-E). Wpisz odpowiednią literę w kratkę obok każdej sytuacji. Uwaga! Jedna reakcja nie pasuje do żadnej sytuacji.

1. Wybierasz się na przyjęcie urodzinowe do nowej koleżanki. Zapytaj o miejsce zamieszkania.	
2. Szukacie z siostrą prezentu dla znajomego. Zapytaj siostrę, co proponuje kupić.	
3. Wybierasz się na zakupy w obcym mieście. Zapytaj przechodnia o drogę.	
4. Kolega obchodził w sobotę urodziny. Zapytaj go o wrażenie z przyjęcia.	

A Excuse me, could you tell me the way to the nearest shops, please?

B What did you enjoy the most about the party?

C Do you think he'd like to go shopping?

D Have you got any idea what to buy for Tom?

E So where exactly do you live?

Zadanie 4. Przetłumacz fragmenty zdań podane w nawiasach na język angielski.

1. Ted is walking(szybciej) than Tom.
2. My sister can sing.....(piękniej) than Jane.
3. Will can dance.....(lepiej) than Daniel.
4. Carl is(najwyższym) boy in my class.
5. January is(najgorszym) month of the year. ;)
6. The living room is(największym) room in my house.

Zadanie 5. Uzupełnij tekst wyrazami i wyrażeniami podanymi w ramce.

<p style="text-align: center;"> the best the oldest happily healthier than the most boring the most exciting younger than better more actively more talented than </p>

Hello Emma,

I'd like to tell you more about my family. Tom and Janine are my grandparents. Tom is 76 and he's (1).....person in our family. Janine is 71. They live (2).....in their cottage. They work (3).....in their garden than my parents do. They say it's (4).....thing to do. I think they are (5) many other people of their age. My grandma also plays the piano like me, but she says that I'm (6).....her. My cousin Sonia is a year (7).....me, but we really have a lot in common. We often play tennis together

but Sonia is (8).....than me, so she usually wins. My other cousin, Robert, isn't so cool. In fact, he's (9)person in my family. He only talks about computer games! But he's surely (10)person to play with.

Write back soon,

Susie

Szkolna Liga Języka Angielskiego

– Zestaw nr 3 dla klasy VI



Zadanie 1. Dopasuj słowa do poniższych zdań.

calendar	hug	greetings	party	mask	cheers
celebration		fireworks	resolution		midnight

1. A time when you enjoy yourself because you have a special reason to be happy:
.....
2. Twelve o'clock at night:
3. Putting your arms around somebody to show that you love them:
4. A meeting of friends, often in somebody's house, to eat, drink *and* perhaps *dance*:
..... ____
5. A word that you say to somebody when you have a drink together:
6. A list of the days, weeks and months of one year:
7. Something that you decide to do:
8. A thing that you wear over your *face* to hide it:
9. A container with special powder in it that sends out coloured lights *and* smoke or makes a loud noise when you burn it:
10. Words that you write or say to somebody at a special time:

Zadanie 2. Przeczytaj poniższy tekst i odpowiedz na pytania pełnymi zdaniami.

Yesterday evening a burglar broke into a house at 13, Elm Street. He climbed through the window into the sitting room. The owner of the house, Mrs. Robinson, was at home. When the burglar saw her, he tied her to a chair. He stole some valuable jewels and ran away through the window. Mrs. Brown, the Robinsons' neighbour, was at the window of her house when she suddenly saw the thief. She phoned a police at once. At the same time Mr. Robinson came back home and found his wife tied to the chair. He also phoned the police.

1. When did a thief break into a house?
2. Where was that house?
3. Which way did a burglar climb into the sitting room?
4. Who was Mrs. Robinson?
5. What did the burglar do to the woman?
6. Where was the Robinsons' neighbour during the burglary?

7. Which way did the thief escape?
8. What did the burglar take from the house?
9. Who found Mrs. Robinson tied to the chair?
- 10.. Who called the police?

Zadanie 3. *Ułóż zdania w czasie Past Simple.*

1. Where/ yesterday/your/ friends/be/?
2. My/ brothers/not/2 days ago/go/to/ Warsaw/.....
3. Peter /last week/be/not/tired/.
4. Girls / to me/smile/.....
5. She/meet/ yesterday/in the street/him/.
6. What/you/ prepare/ for/ birthday/mum's/your/?
8. Girls/not/be/happy/.....
9. What time/John/his/homework/do/?
10. He/early /morning/get up/.
11. That boy/her heart/break/ and/go away/.....
12. We/ our/ see/ teacher/ in/last Saturday/the restaurant/.....
13. Dad/Barbara's/ dinner/ delicious/cook/yesterday./
- 14.Be/Julia/ready/ at eight /for school/a.m./?.....
15. Why/not/you /me/help/?.....

Szkolna Liga Języka Angielskiego

– Zestaw nr 3 dla klasy VII

Zadanie 1. *Przeczytaj tekst i wstaw podane w nawiasach czasowniki w odpowiedniej formie czasu Present Simple lub Past Simple.*



The celebration of the New Year is one of the oldest holidays. Many believe it **1)** _____ (**first/ observe**) in ancient Babylon about 4000 years ago and it marked the first New Moon after the Vernal Equinox. The Babylonian New Year celebration **2)** _____ (**last**) for eleven days. How **3)** _____ (**New Years Day/ move**) from the summer to the winter? A good question, especially since the spring **4)** _____ (**be**) the season of rebirth, of planting new crops, and of blossoming. Today New Year's Day **5)** _____ (**be**) January 1st.

The month of January **6)** _____ (**name**) for their god, Janus, who is pictured with two heads. One looks forward, the other back, symbolizing a break between the old and new. The Greeks **7)** _____ (**parade**) a baby in a basket to represent the spirit of fertility. Christians **8)** _____ (**adopt**) this symbol as the birth of the baby Jesus and continued what started as a pagan ritual. Today our New Year's symbols **9)** _____ (**be**) a newborn baby starting the next year and an old man winding up the last year.

Not all countries **10)** _____ (**celebrate**) New Year at the same time, nor in the same way. This is because people in different parts of the world use different calendars. Long ago, people **11)** _____ (**divide**) time into days, months, and years. Some calendars are based on the movement of the moon, others are based on the position of the sun, while others are based on both the sun and the moon. All over the world, **12)** _____ (**there be**) special beliefs about New Year.

The Jewish New Year is called Rosh Hashanah. It is a holy time when people **13)** _____ (**reflect**) on the things done wrong in the past, with a promise to do better in the future. Religious services **14)** _____ (**hold**) in synagogues, and an instrument called a Shofar, which is made from a ram's horn **15)** _____ (**play**). Children are given new clothes, and New Year loaves **16)** _____ (**bake**) and fruit is eaten to remind people of harvest time.

The Chinese New Year 17) _____ (**celebrate**) some time between January 17 and February 19, at the time of the new moon, and it is called Yuan Tan. It is celebrated by Chinese people all over the world, and street parades 18) _____ (**be**) an exciting part of their New Year. At the Festival of Lanterns thousands of lanterns 19) _____ (**use**) to light the way for the New Year. The Chinese people 20) _____ (**believe**) that there are evil spirits around at New Year, so they let off firecrackers to frighten the spirits away. Sometimes they 21) _____ (**seal**) their windows and doors with paper to keep the evil spirits out.

The traditions of the season 22) _____ (**include**) the making of New Year's resolutions, Making resolutions to change some part of one's life also 23) _____ (**date**) back to the early Babylonians. Today most people 24) _____ (**promise**) to lose weight or quit smoking.

Our ancestors 25) _____ (**think**) that one could affect the luck they would have throughout the coming year by what they 26) _____ (**do**) or 27) _____ (**eat**) on the first day of the year. It has become common for folks to celebrate the first few minutes of a brand new year in the company of family and friends.

New Year foods 28) _____ (**also/think**) to bring luck. Many cultures believe that anything in the shape of a ring is good luck, because it 29) _____ (**symbolize**) "coming full circle," completing a year's cycle. Some put coins in black-eyed peas and the person who 30) _____ (**get**) the coin in their meal will be prosperous in the coming year.

Zadanie 2. *Przeczytaj tekst o tradycjach noworocznych, następnie zaznacz w tabeli, o której tradycji mowa.*

A. The single women of **Ireland** wait desperately for the New Year's night because it is the night that can bring them the love of their life. They place mistletoe leaves under their pillow hoping to catch their future husband. It is also believed in Irish culture that it helps them get rid of bad luck.

B. A strange and weird New Year tradition in **Denmark** is breaking the dishes at neighbour's door. Strangely this makes them happy instead of annoying them. The family with the hugest tower of broken plates, glasses, cups and other crockery is considered to be the luckiest one because it means that they have lots of loyal friends.

C. Talking to spirits is a part of **Mexican** belief. Mexicans strongly believe that they can communicate with the souls of their dead loved ones. New Year eve is considered the best time to communicate with the dead spirits to convey a message or ask for guidance.

In which tradition :

you can talk to your relatives who have already passed away?	
you put a plant on your bed?	
destroying things makes people content?	
you can help yourself find a spouse?	
you can find out how many friends you have?	
you can become lucky?	
you contact the ghosts?	
you have to damage the table ware?	

Zadanie 3. *Ułóż i zapisz jak najwięcej nowych wyrazów używając liter, które pojawiają się w hasle. Możesz wykorzystać tylko takie litery, które tworzą hasło, nie możesz używać takich, których w nim nie ma ani zwiększać liczby istniejących znaków.*

HAPPY NEW YEAR



Szkolna Liga Języka Angielskiego

– Zestaw nr 3 dla klasy VIII



Zadanie 1. *Uzupełnij test wyrazami z ramki.*

friends	loud	healthy	minutes	improve
Day	fireworks	member	weight	resolutions

New Year'sis the day when people celebrate the beginning of a new year. On New Year's Eve, family andoften get together for dinner or have a party to welcome in the new year. People often count down the hours, and seconds before the new year arrives, and they sometimes set off or play music. New Year's Day is a time of new beginnings, so people often make new year's -promises or goals they hope to accomplish during the coming year. Such resolutions often include losing, getting in shape, or eating a diet. Other resolutions might deal with improving one's relationship with a family or friend. Sometimes, these resolutions are short lived, that is, people don't follow through on their plans. However, the new year gives people opportunities to change and their lives.

Zadanie 2. *Przeczytaj uważnie listę wydarzeń na festiwalu w Edynburgu a następnie odpowiedz na pytania /1-8/. Wpisz odpowiednie litery w kratki obok każdego pytania. Każdej litery możesz użyć tylko jeden raz. Jedno wyrażenie podane zostało dodatkowo i nie pasuje do żadnego pytania. Za każda poprawna odpowiedź otrzymasz 1 punkt.*

WHAT'S ON

A. BOULEZ 2000

The great French composer-conductor concludes his 75th birthday tour with the series of four concerts he gave earlier on in London this year, together with four brand new pieces.

B. SIGUR ROS

Serious young men from Iceland who play atmospheric, intense music. The guitarist plays his guitar like a violin. Different.

C. MEN OF THE CLYDE

Spencer's pictures of shipyard workers from the centrepiece of this exhibition, symbolising the regeneration of Glasgow after the Second World War.

D.SIMPSON'S MANIA TOUR

Small-screen stars Bart and company make their live UK debut with a reading of a classic episode.

E. FREE GIGS

The Edinburgh festival can break the bank but not if you pick up free tickets for these radio shows. Highlights include Boothby Graffoe.

F. ALCINA

Alan Hacker conducts Handel's magic masterpiece in a new production by the Stuttgart Opera.

G. WAR OF THE WORLDS

Heard about the false news broadcast that made Americans believe that there was an invasion from Mars? This is a biographical drama about the creator of that famous radio event, the actor and director Orson Welles.

H. DECKY DOES A BRONCO

Grid Iron is staging this outdoor show – about adult lives ruined by a childhood tragedy – in a playground with real slides and swings.

G. THE ERPINGHAM CAMP

Comic Johnny Vegas is a busy entertainer this year. He is not only hosting his own game programme but he is also making his theatrical debut in this rarely-shown comedy.

Which event

1	has been performed in part before?	
2	features a famous TV character?	
3	concerns the life of an important actor?	
4	features an unusual musical technique?	
5	Is not performed often?	
6	shows part of a city's history?	
7	will not cost you anything to attend?	
8	is a new production of a classic work?	

Zadanie 3. *Przeczytaj pary zdań. Uzupełnij każdą lukę, tak aby zachować znaczenie zdania wyjściowego. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie cztery wyrazy.*

1. That's the best cartoon I have ever seen.
I a better cartoon.
2. Frank doesn't play loud music in his room.
Frank never loud music in his room.
3. No eating in the library!
You in the library.
4. Hurry up or we'll be late for the film.
We'll be late for the film if hurry up.
5. All the people were dancing when we got to the party.
Everybody when we got to the party.

Zadanie 4. *You are going to spend winter holidays with your friend from Scotland. Write an e-mail to him/her about your propositions / 60-120 words/.*

1. Suggest him/her when both of you could go on holidays.
2. Explain where you would like to spend your winter holidays and why.